



## LD2985 series

Very low drop and low noise voltage regulator low ESR capacitors compatible, with inhibit function

### Feature summary

- Very low dropout voltage (280mV at 150mA and 7mV at 1mA load)
- Very low quiescent current (2mA typ. at 150mA load and 80mA at no load)
- Output current up to 150mA
- Logic controlled electronic shutdown
- Output voltage of 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 2.7, 2.8, 2.85, 3, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 5V
- Internal current and thermal limit
- Available in  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance (at 25°C, A version)
- Low output noise voltage 30mVrms
- Smallest package SOT23-5L
- Temperature range: -40°C to 125°C

### Description

The LD2985 is a 150mA fixed output voltage regulator. The ultra low drop voltage and the low quiescent current make them particularly suitable for low noise, low power applications, and in

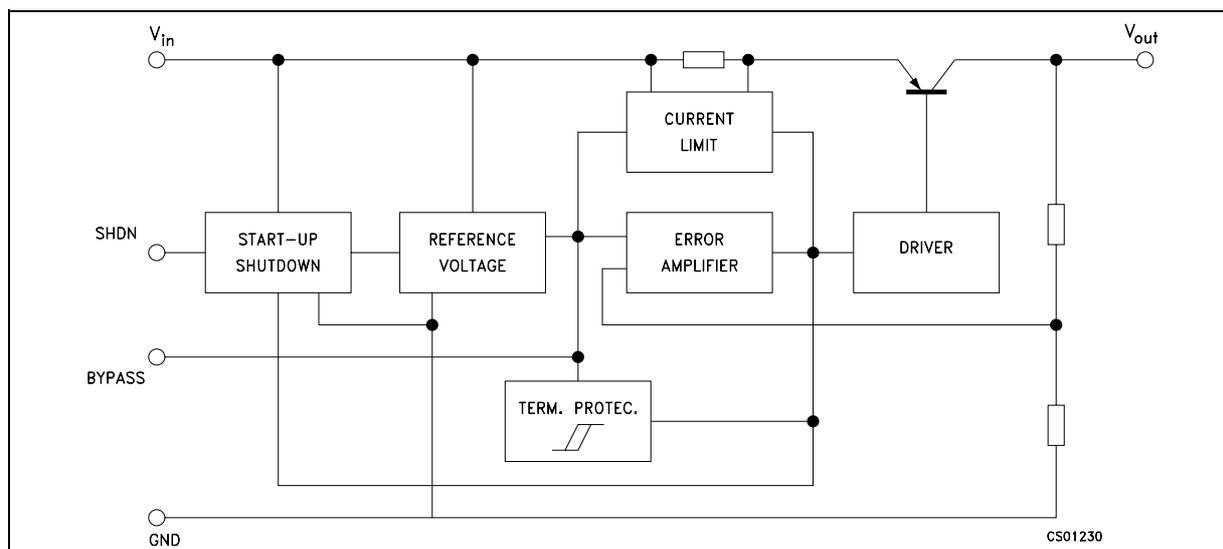


battery powered systems. In sleep mode quiescent current is less than 1 $\mu$ A when INHIBIT pin is pulled low. Shutdown Logic Control Function is available on pin 3 (TTL compatible). This means that when the device is used as local regulator, it is possible to put a part of the board in standby, decreasing the total power consumption.

An external capacitor,  $C_{BYP}=10nF$ , connected between bypass pin and GND reduce the noise to 30 $\mu$ Vrms.

Typical application are in cellular phone, palmtop laptop computer, personal digital assistant (PDA), personal stereo, camcorder and camera.

### Schematic diagram



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# 1 Pin configuration

Figure 1. Pin connections (top view)

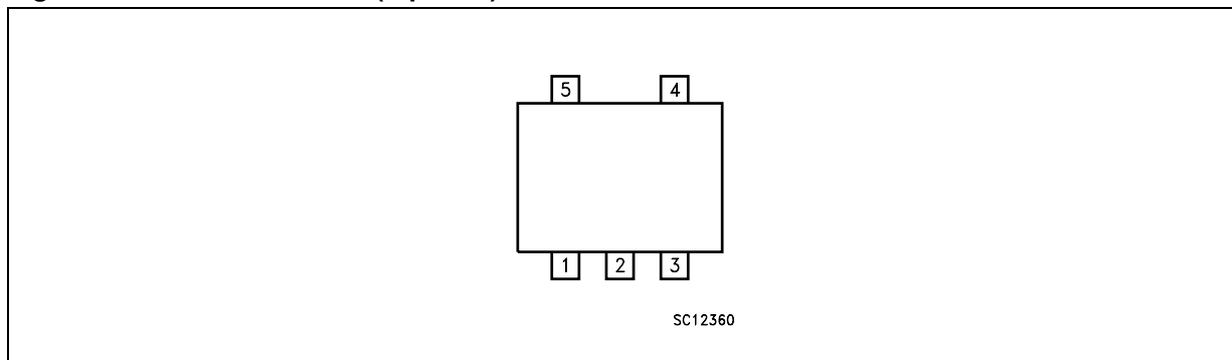


Table 1. Pin description

Pin N°	Symbol	Name and function
1	IN	Input port
2	GND	Ground pin
3	INHIBIT	Control switch ON/OFF. Inhibit is not internally pulled-up; it cannot be left floating. Disable the device when connected to GND or to a positive voltage less than 0.18V
4	Bypass	Bypass Pin: Capacitor to be connected to GND in order to improve the thermal noise performances
5	OUT	Output port

Table 2. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	SOT23-5L	Unit
$R_{thJC}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	81	°C/W
$R_{thJA}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	255	°C/W

## 2 Maximum ratings

**Table 3. Absolute maximum ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_I$	DC Input voltage	16	V
$V_{INH}$	INHIBIT Input voltage	16	V
$I_O$	Output current	Internally limited	
$P_D$	Power dissipation	Internally limited	
$T_{STG}$	Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	°C
$T_{OP}$	Operating junction temperature range	-40 to 125	°C

*Note: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these condition is not implied.*

### 3 Electrical characteristics

**Table 4. Electrical characteristics for LD2985A** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$ ,  $I_O = 1\text{mA}$ ,  $V_{\text{SHDN}} = 2\text{V}$ ,  $C_I = C_O = 1\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{\text{OP}}$	Operating input voltage		2.5		16	V
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 2.5\text{V}$	1.485	1.5	1.515	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	1.462		1.538	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	1.447		1.553	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 2.8\text{V}$	1.782	1.8	1.818	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	1.755		1.845	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	1.737		1.863	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.5\text{V}$	2.475	2.5	2.525	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $50\text{mA}$	2.4375		2.5625	
		$I_O = 1$ to $50\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.4125		2.5875	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.7\text{V}$	2.673	2.7	2.727	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	2.6325		2.7675	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.6055		2.7945	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.8\text{V}$	2.772	2.8	2.828	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	2.730		2.870	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.702		2.898	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.85\text{V}$	2.821	2.85	2.879	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	2.778		2.921	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.750		2.950	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.0\text{V}$	2.970	3.0	3.030	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	2.925		3.075	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.895		3.105	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.1\text{V}$	3.069	3.1	3.131	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	3.022		3.1775	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.9915		3.2085	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.2\text{V}$	3.168	3.2	3.232	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	3.120		3.280	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.088		3.312	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.3\text{V}$	3.267	3.3	3.333	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	3.2175		3.3825	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.1845		3.4155	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.5\text{V}$	3.465	3.5	3.535	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	3.412		3.587	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.377		3.622	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.6\text{V}$	3.564	3.6	3.636	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	3.510		3.690	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.474		3.726	

**Table 4. Electrical characteristics for LD2985A** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$ ,  $I_O = 1\text{mA}$ ,  $V_{\text{SHDN}} = 2\text{V}$ ,  $C_I = C_O = 1\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.8\text{V}$	3.762	3.8	3.838	V
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA	3.705		3.895	
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.667		3.933	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 5.0\text{V}$	3.96	4	4.04	V
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA	3.9		4.1	
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.86		4.14	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 5.7\text{V}$	4.653	4.7	4.747	V
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA	4.582		4.817	
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	4.5355		4.8645	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 6.0\text{V}$	4.95	5	5.05	V
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA	4.875		5.125	
		$I_O = 1$ to 150 mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	4.825		5.175	
$I_{\text{SC}}$	Short circuit current	$R_L = 0$		400		mA
$\Delta V_O / \Delta V_I$	Line regulation	$V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$ to 16V, $I_O = 1$ mA		0.003	0.014	%/ $V_I$
		$V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$ to 16V, $I_O = 1$ mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			0.032	
$V_{\text{DROP}}$	Dropout voltage	$I_O = 0$		1	3	mV
		$I_O = 0$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			5	
		$I_O = 1\text{mA}$		7	10	
		$I_O = 1\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			15	
		$I_O = 10\text{mA}$		40	60	
		$I_O = 10\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			90	
		$I_O = 50\text{mA}$		120	150	
		$I_O = 50\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			225	
		$I_O = 150\text{mA}$		280	350	
		$I_O = 150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			575	
$I_Q$	Quiescent current ON MODE	$I_O = 0$		80	100	$\mu\text{A}$
		$I_O = 0$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			150	
		$I_O = 1\text{mA}$		100	150	
		$I_O = 1\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			200	
		$I_O = 10\text{mA}$		200	300	
		$I_O = 10\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			400	
		$I_O = 50\text{mA}$		600	900	
		$I_O = 50\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			1200	
		$I_O = 150\text{mA}$		2000	3000	
		$I_O = 150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			4000	
	OFF MODE	$V_{\text{INH}} < 0.18\text{V}$		0		
		$V_{\text{INH}} < 0.18\text{V}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			2	
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$C_{\text{BYP}} = 0.01\mu\text{F}$ , $C_O = 10\mu\text{F}$ , $f = 1\text{KHz}$		45		dB
$V_{\text{IL}}$	Control input logic low	$T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			0.15	V

**Table 4. Electrical characteristics for LD2985A** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$ ,  $I_O = 1\text{mA}$ ,  $V_{\text{SHDN}} = 2\text{V}$ ,  $C_I = C_O = 1\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{\text{IH}}$	Control input logic high	$T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2			V
$I_{\text{INH}}$	Control input current	$V_{\text{INH}} = 5\text{V}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$		5	15	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{\text{INH}} = 0\text{V}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$		0	-1	
$e_{\text{N}}$	Output noise voltage	$B = 300$ Hz to $50$ KHz, $C_{\text{BYP}} = 0.01\mu\text{F}$ , $C_O = 10\mu\text{F}$		30		$\mu\text{V}$

**Table 5. Electrical characteristics for LD2985B** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$ ,  $I_O = 1\text{mA}$ ,  $V_{\text{SHDN}} = 2\text{V}$ ,  $C_I = C_O = 1\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{\text{OP}}$	Operating input voltage		2.5		16	V
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 2.5\text{V}$	1.477	1.5	1.523	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	1.455		1.545	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	1.440		1.560	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 2.8\text{V}$	1.773	1.8	1.827	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	1.746		1.854	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	1.728		1.872	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.5\text{V}$	2.4625	2.5	2.5375	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	2.425		2.575	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.4		2.6	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.5\text{V}$	2.659	2.7	2.741	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	2.619		2.781	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.592		2.808	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.8\text{V}$	2.758	2.8	2.842	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	2.716		2.884	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.688		2.912	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.85\text{V}$	2.807	2.85	2.893	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	2.764		2.935	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.736		2.964	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.0\text{V}$	2.955	3.0	3.045	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	2.91		3.09	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.88		3.12	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.1\text{V}$	3.0535	3.1	3.1465	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	3.007		3.193	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2.976		3.224	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.2\text{V}$	3.152	3.2	3.248	V
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$	3.104		3.296	
		$I_O = 1$ to $150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.072		3.328	

**Table 5. Electrical characteristics for LD2985B** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$ ,  $I_O = 1\text{mA}$ ,  $V_{\text{SHDN}} = 2\text{V}$ ,  $C_I = C_O = 1\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.3\text{V}$	3.2505	3.3	3.3495	V
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA	3.201		3.399	
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.168		3.432	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.5\text{V}$	3.447	3.5	3.552	V
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA	3.395		3.605	
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.360		3.640	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.6\text{V}$	3.546	3.6	3.654	V
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA	3.492		3.708	
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.456		3.744	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.8\text{V}$	3.743	3.8	3.857	V
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA	3.686		3.914	
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.648		3.952	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 5.0\text{V}$	3.94	4	4.06	V
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA	3.88		4.12	
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	3.84		4.16	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 5.7\text{V}$	4.6295	4.7	4.7705	V
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA	4.559		4.841	
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	4.512		4.888	
$V_O$	Output voltage	$V_I = 6.0\text{V}$	4.925	5	5.075	V
		$I_O = 1$ to 150mA	4.85		5.15	
		$I_O = 1$ to 150 mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	4.8		5.2	
$I_{\text{SC}}$	Short circuit current	$R_L = 0$		400		mA
$\Delta V_O / \Delta V_I$	Line regulation	$V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$ to 16V, $I_O = 1$ mA		0.003	0.014	%/ $V_I$
		$V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$ to 16V, $I_O = 1$ mA, $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			0.032	
$V_{\text{DROP}}$	Dropout voltage	$I_O = 0$		1	3	mV
		$I_O = 0$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			5	
		$I_O = 1\text{mA}$		7	10	
		$I_O = 1\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			15	
		$I_O = 10\text{mA}$		40	60	
		$I_O = 10\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			90	
		$I_O = 50\text{mA}$		120	150	
		$I_O = 50\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			225	
		$I_O = 150\text{mA}$		280	350	
		$I_O = 150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			575	

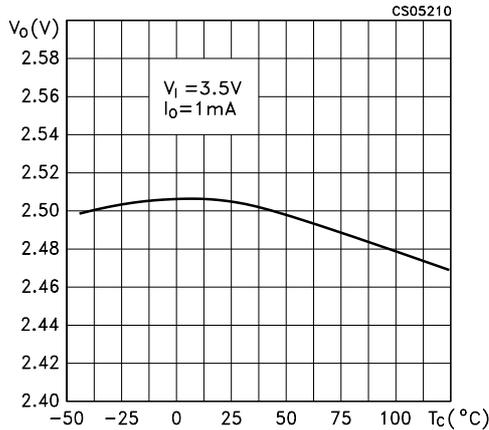
**Table 5. Electrical characteristics for LD2985B** ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$ ,  $I_O = 1\text{mA}$ ,  $V_{\text{SHDN}} = 2\text{V}$ ,  $C_I = C_O = 1\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise specified).

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_Q$	Quiescent current ON MODE	$I_O = 0$		80	100	$\mu\text{A}$
		$I_O = 0$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			150	
		$I_O = 1\text{mA}$		100	150	
		$I_O = 1\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			200	
		$I_O = 10\text{mA}$		200	300	
		$I_O = 10\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			400	
		$I_O = 50\text{mA}$		600	900	
		$I_O = 50\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			1200	
		$I_O = 150\text{mA}$		2000	3000	
		$I_O = 150\text{mA}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			4000	
	OFF MODE	$V_{\text{INH}} < 0.18\text{V}$			0	
$V_{\text{INH}} < 0.18\text{V}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$					2	
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$C_{\text{BYP}} = 0.01\mu\text{F}$ , $C_O = 10\mu\text{F}$ , $f = 1\text{KHz}$		45		dB
$V_{\text{IL}}$	Inhibit input logic low	$T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			0.15	V
$V_{\text{IH}}$	Inhibit input logic high	$T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	2			V
$I_{\text{INH}}$	Inhibit input current	$V_{\text{INH}} = 0\text{V}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$		5	15	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{\text{INH}} = 5\text{V}$ , $T_J = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$		0	-1	
$e_N$	Output noise voltage	$B = 300\text{ Hz to } 50\text{ KHz}$ , $C_{\text{BYP}} = 0.01\mu\text{F}$ , $C_O = 10\mu\text{F}$		30		$\mu\text{V}$

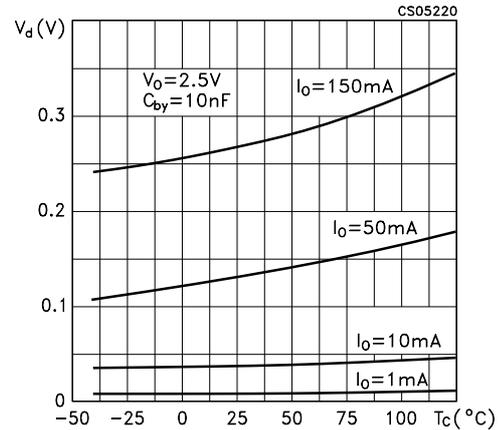
# 4 Typical characteristics

( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_I = V_{O(\text{NOM})} + 1\text{V}$ ,  $C_I = 1\mu\text{F}(\text{X7R})$ ,  $C_O = 2.2\mu\text{F}(\text{X7R})$ ,  $V_{\text{INH}} = 2\text{V}$ , unless otherwise specified).

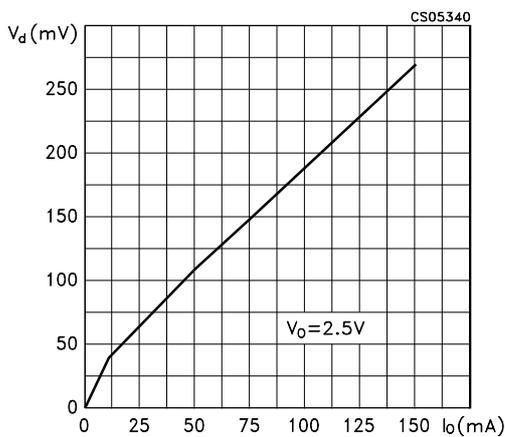
**Figure 2. Output voltage vs temperature**



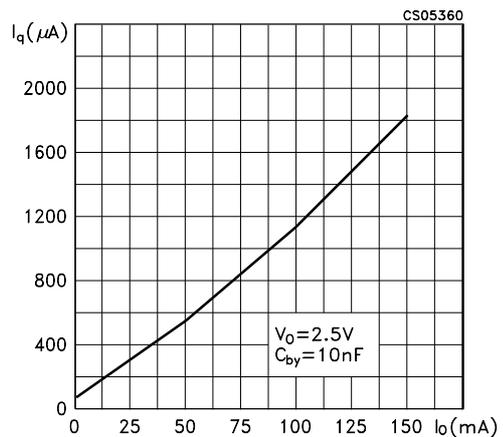
**Figure 3. Dropout voltage vs temperature**



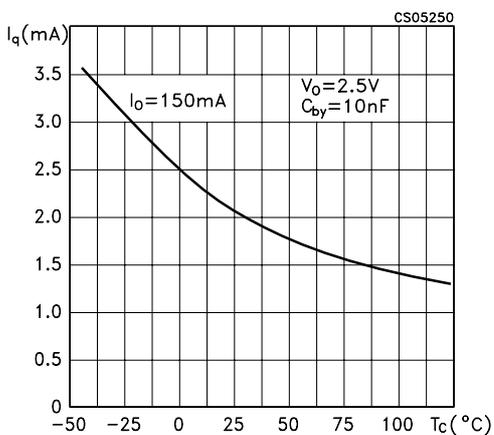
**Figure 4. Dropout voltage vs output current**



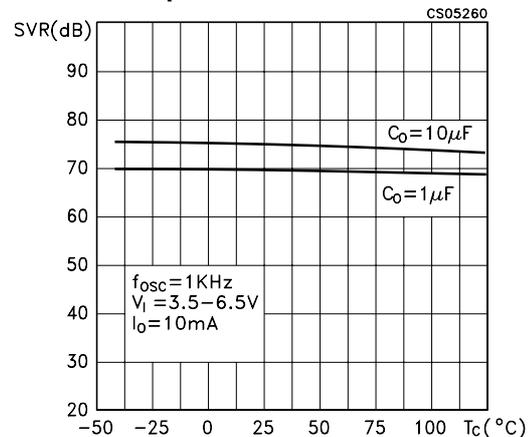
**Figure 5. Quiescent current vs load current**



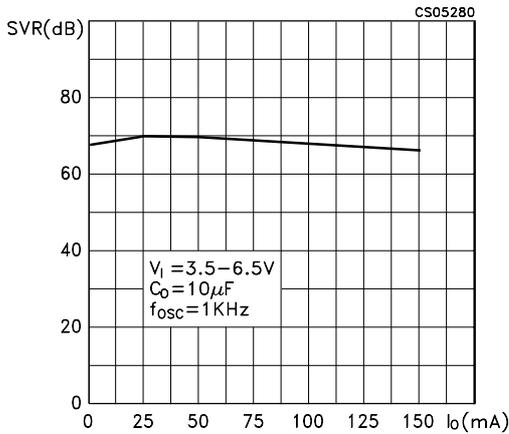
**Figure 6. Quiescent current vs temperature**



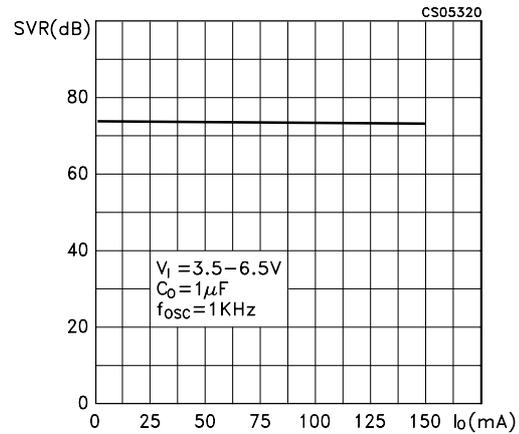
**Figure 7. Supply voltage rejection vs temperature**



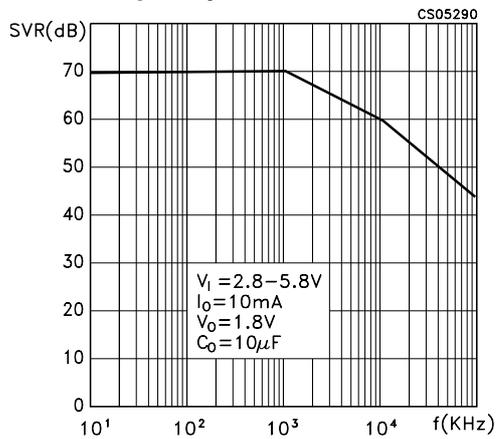
**Figure 8. Supply voltage rejection vs output current**



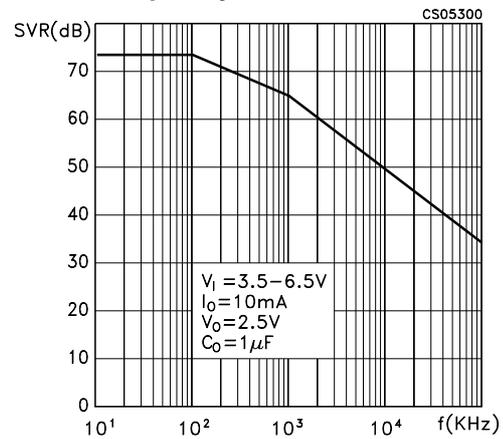
**Figure 9. Supply voltage rejection vs output current**



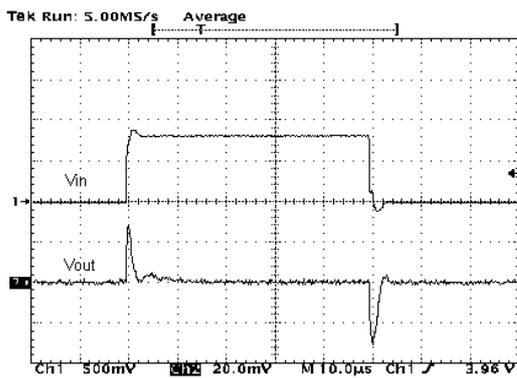
**Figure 10. Supply voltage rejection vs frequency**



**Figure 11. Supply voltage rejection vs frequency**

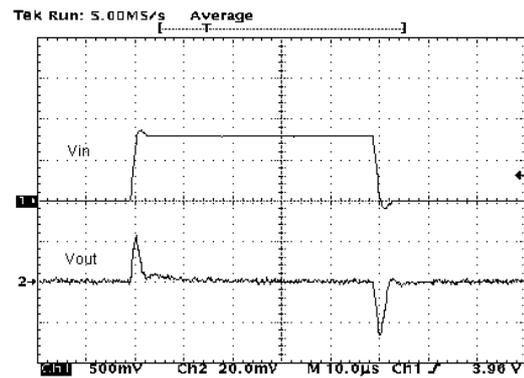


**Figure 12. Line transient**



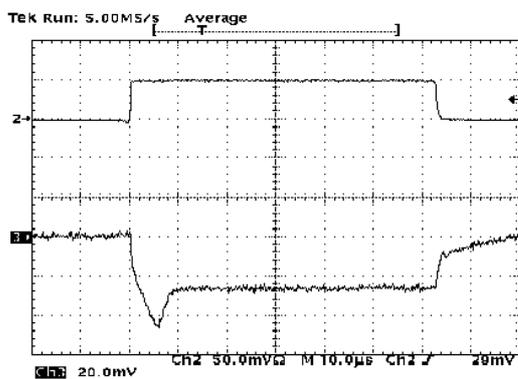
$V_O = 2.5V, I_O = 50mA, \text{no } C_I, C_O = 4.7\mu F, t_r = t_f = 2ns$

**Figure 13. Line transient**



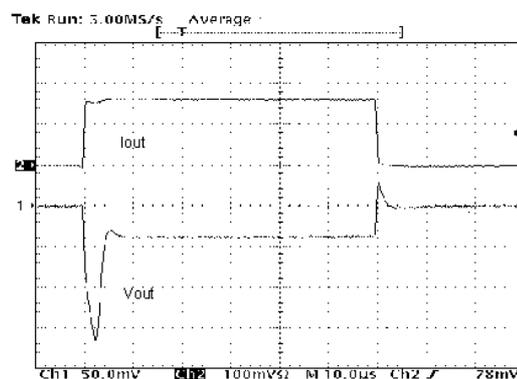
$V_O = 2.5V, I_O = 50mA, \text{no } C_I, C_O = 4.7\mu F, t_r = t_f = 1\mu s$

Figure 14. Load transient



$V_O = 2.5V, I_O = 0 \text{ to } 50mA, \text{ no } C_I, C_O = 10\mu F, t_r = t_f = 2ns$

Figure 15. Load transient



$V_O = 2.5V, I_O = 0 \text{ to } 50mA, \text{ no } C_I, C_O = 4.7\mu F, t_r = t_f = 2ns$

## 5 Application notes

### 5.1 External capacitors

Like any low-dropout regulator, the LD2985 requires external capacitors for regulator stability. This capacitor must be selected to meet the requirements of minimum capacitance and equivalent series resistance. We suggest to solder input and output capacitors as close as possible to the relative pins.

### 5.2 Input capacitor

An input capacitor whose value is  $1\mu\text{F}$  is required with the LD2985 (amount of capacitance can be increased without limit). This capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 0.5" from the input pin of the device and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic, tantalum or film capacitors can be used for this capacitor.

### 5.3 Output capacitor

The LD2985 is designed specifically to work with ceramic output capacitors. It may also be possible to use Tantalum capacitors, but these are not as attractive for reasons of size and cost. By the way, the output capacitor must meet both the requirement for minimum amount of capacitance and E.S.R. (equivalent series resistance) value. Due to the different loop gain, the stability improves for higher output versions and so the suggested minimum output capacitor value, if low E.S.R. ceramic type is used, is  $1\mu\text{F}$  for output voltages equal or major than 3.8V,  $2.2\mu\text{F}$  for  $V_{\text{O}}$  going from 1.8 to 3.3V, and  $3.3\mu\text{F}$  for the other versions. However, if an output capacitor lower than the suggested one is used, it's possible to make stable the regulator adding a resistor in series to the capacitor.

### 5.4 Important

The output capacitor must maintain its ESR in the stable region over the full operating temperature to assure stability. Also, capacitor tolerance and variation with temperature must be considered to assure the minimum amount of capacitance is provided at all times. This capacitor should be located not more than 0.5" from the output pin of the device and returned to a clean analog ground.

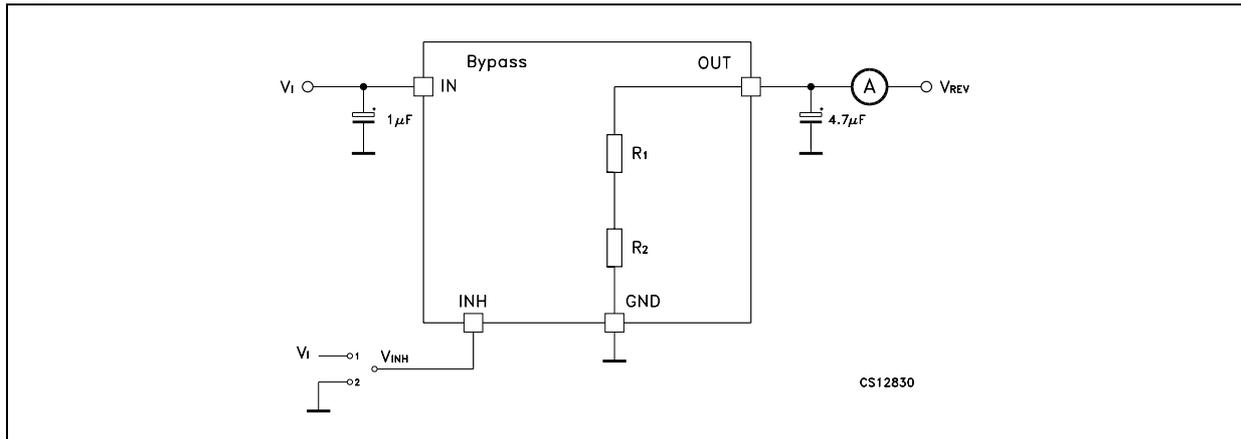
### 5.5 Inhibit input operation

The inhibit pin can be used to turn OFF the regulator when pulled low, so drastically reducing the current consumption down to less than  $1\mu\text{A}$ . When the inhibit feature is not used, this pin must be tied to  $V_{\text{I}}$  to keep the regulator output ON at all times. To assure proper operation, the signal source used to drive the inhibit pin must be able to swing above and below the specified thresholds listed in the electrical characteristics section under  $V_{\text{IH}}$   $V_{\text{IL}}$ . Any slew rate can be used to drive the inhibit.

## 5.6 Reverse current

The power transistor used in the LD2985 has not an inherent diode connected between the regulator input and output. If the output is forced above the input, no current will flow from the output to the input across the series pass transistor. When a  $V_{REV}$  voltage is applied on the output, the reverse current measured flows to the GND across the two feedback resistors. This current typical value is  $160\mu\text{A}$ .  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  resistors are implanted type; typical values are, respectively,  $42.6\text{ K}\Omega$  and  $51.150\text{ K}\Omega$

Figure 16. Reverse current test circuit

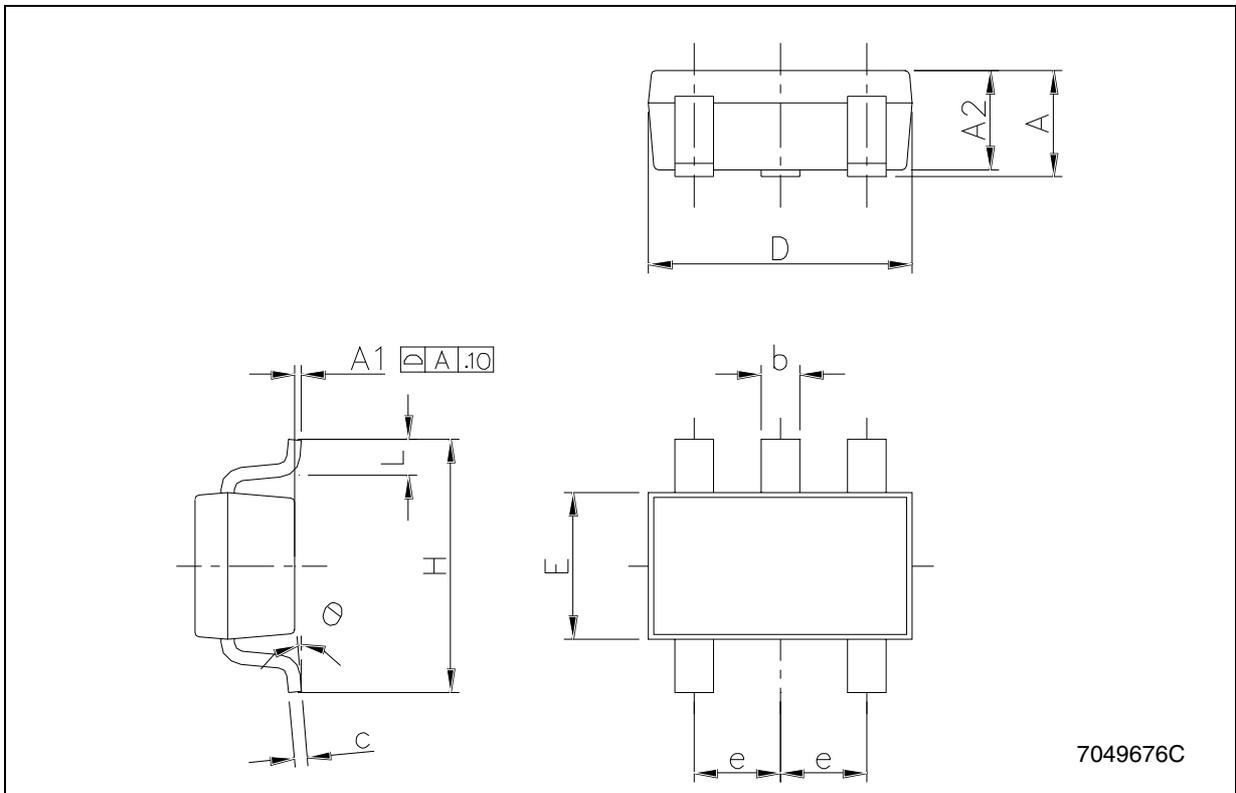


## 6 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in ECOPACK® packages. These packages have a Lead-free second level interconnect. The category of second Level Interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label. ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at: [www.st.com](http://www.st.com).

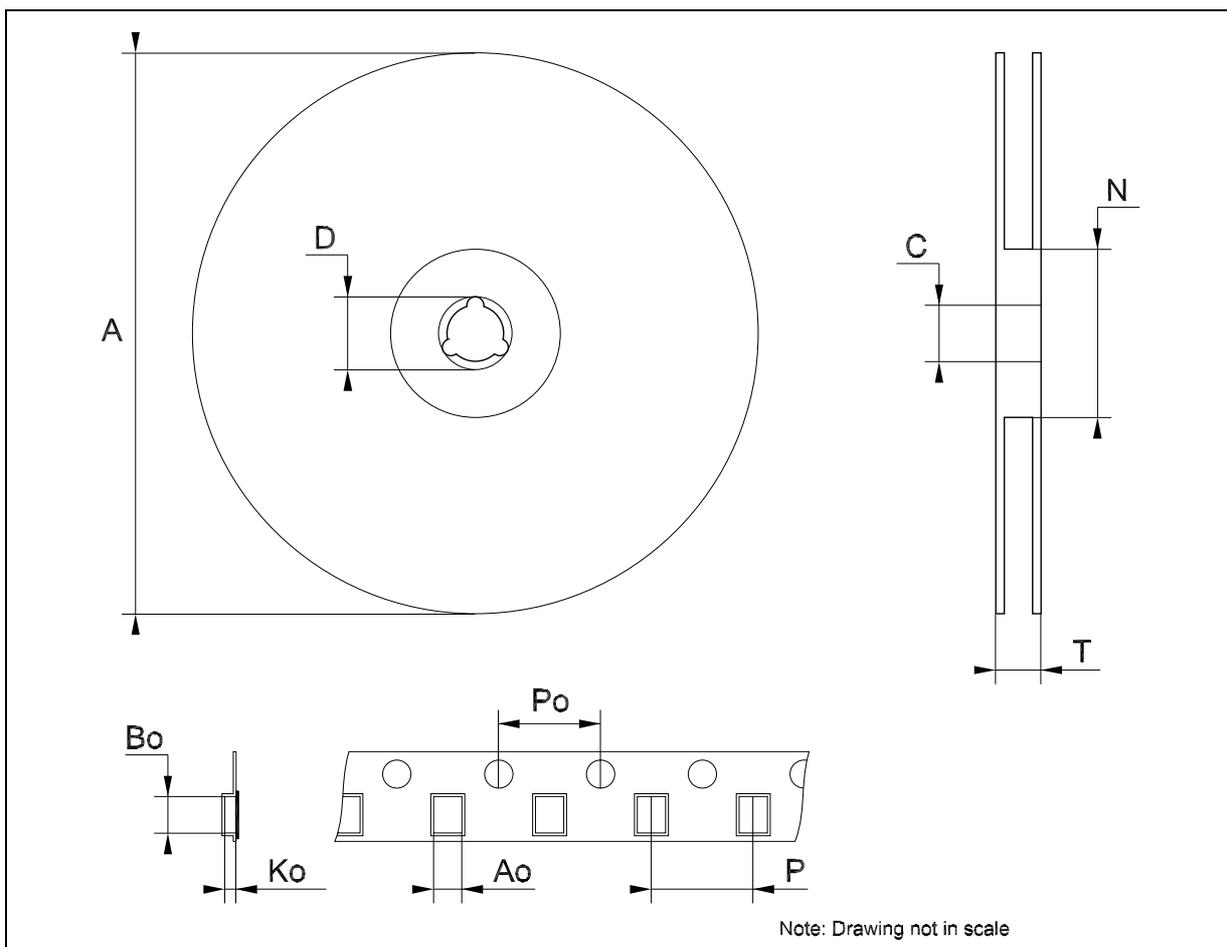
**SOT23-5L MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.	mm.			mils		
	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A	0.90		1.45	35.4		57.1
A1	0.00		0.10	0.0		3.9
A2	0.90		1.30	35.4		51.2
b	0.35		0.50	13.7		19.7
C	0.09		0.20	3.5		7.8
D	2.80		3.00	110.2		118.1
E	1.50		1.75	59.0		68.8
e		0.95			37.4	
H	2.60		3.00	102.3		118.1
L	0.10		0.60	3.9		23.6



**Tape & Reel SOT23-xL MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.	mm.			inch		
	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			180			7.086
C	12.8	13.0	13.2	0.504	0.512	0.519
D	20.2			0.795		
N	60			2.362		
T			14.4			0.567
Ao	3.13	3.23	3.33	0.123	0.127	0.131
Bo	3.07	3.17	3.27	0.120	0.124	0.128
Ko	1.27	1.37	1.47	0.050	0.054	0.058
Po	3.9	4.0	4.1	0.153	0.157	0.161
P	3.9	4.0	4.1	0.153	0.157	0.161



## 7 Order code

Table 6. Order code

Part number		
A Version	B Version	Output voltage
LD2985AM15R	LD2985BM15R	1.5V
LD2985AM18R	LD2985BM18R	1.8V
LD2985AM25R	LD2985BM25R	2.5V
LD2985AM27R	LD2985BM27R	2.7V
LD2985AM28R	LD2985BM28R	2.8V
LD2985AM285R	LD2985BM285R	2.85V
LD2985AM30R	LD2985BM30R	3.0V
LD2985AM31R	LD2985BM31R	3.1V
LD2985AM32R	LD2985BM32R	3.2V
LD2985AM33R	LD2985BM33R	3.3V
LD2985AM35R	LD2985BM35R	3.5V
LD2985AM36R	LD2985BM36R	3.6V
LD2985AM50R	LD2985BM50R	5.0V

## 8 Revision history

Table 7. Revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
22-Aug-2005	4	Add new $V_O$ ==> 2.7V on tables 5 and 6.
02-Sep-2005	5	Mistake $V_O$ min. ==> 2.7V on table 5.
25-Jul-2006	6	Order Codes has been updated and new template.

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